

Attempt the following questions

Time 3 hours

- 1- The spherical region  $r < 2.0$  is filled with electric charge of uniform density  $q_v = 2 \text{ nC/m}^3$ . Determine:
  - a- The total charge inside the region.
  - b- The electric field at the points A (0,1,0) and B (0,4,0).
  - c- The voltage difference between points A and B.
- 2- A parallel plate capacitor is made of two perfectly conducting square plates 50 mm on a side separated by 10 mm. A slab of sulfur of relative dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r = 4$  and thickness 6 mm is placed on the lower plate, leaving an air gap of 4 mm thick between it and the upper plate. If the lower plate is at 0 voltage and the upper one at voltage 20 V, find the electric field  $\mathbf{E}$ , the electric flux density  $\mathbf{D}$ , and the polarization  $\mathbf{P}$  in each region. Determine also the charge density on each plate and the total energy stored between the plates.
- 3- Write Laplace's equation in cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \phi, z)$ .  
A coaxial line has an inner conductor of radius  $a = 2.0 \text{ mm}$  and an outer conductor of radius  $b = 4.0 \text{ mm}$ . The region  $2.0 < r < 4.0$  between the conductors is filled with a dielectric of  $\epsilon_r = 2.25$ . By solving Laplace's equation, determine the potential and electric field distributions in the space between conductors. Show that the capacitance per unit length of the line is  $C = 2\pi\epsilon / \ln(b/a)$ , where  $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r$ . If a two-layer dielectric is used such that:  
 $\epsilon_r = 2.25$      $2.0 < r < 3.0$ ,     $\epsilon_r = 4.0$      $3.0 < r < 4.0$ , find the capacitance per unit length.
- 4- An infinitely long thin wire on the  $z$  axis carries a current of 10 mA in the  $z$ -direction. Find the magnetic field  $\mathbf{H}$  at the point (0,1,0). If a short wire of length  $dL$  is placed parallel to the  $z$  axis through the point (0,1,0) and carries a current 5 mA in the  $z$ -direction, what will be the force on this short wire? Is the force between the two wires attractive or repulsive?  
The half space  $z > 0$  is air while the region  $z < 0$  is filled with a ferrite material for which  $\mu_r = 64$ . If  $\mathbf{H} = 4 \mathbf{a}_x + 5 \mathbf{a}_y + 3 \mathbf{a}_z \text{ mV/m}$  in air, find  $\mathbf{H}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  in the ferrite material.
- 5- An electron starts motion at the origin with a speed  $v_0 = 2 \times 10^6 \mathbf{a}_y \text{ m/sec}$ . A uniform magnetic field parallel to the  $z$  axis and with flux density  $5.0 \text{ mWb/m}^2$  exists in the region. Describe the electron trajectory through the field. What would be the path if an electric field  $\mathbf{E} = 20 \mathbf{a}_z \text{ kV/m}$  were present?
- 6- Write Maxwell's equations in differential (point) form. Using these equations, show that in free space  $\mathbf{E}$  satisfies the wave equation  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{E} = \mu\epsilon \partial^2 \mathbf{E} / \partial t^2$ .  
A certain microwave transmitter produces a uniform plane wave in free space having a wavelength 0.12 m. The power density is  $10 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W/m}^2$ . Determine the frequency, the phase shift constant, and the rms values of the electric and magnetic fields. When this wave propagates through a dielectric material, its wavelength is reduced to 0.06 m. Determine the phase velocity in this material and its dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r$ .